SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Jefferson County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	19
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	20
OTHER INFORMATION	20
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	22
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY	23
CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION – UNAUDITED	
TEN LARGEST OWNERS OF TAXABLE PROPERTY WITHIN THE DISTRICT	25
ASSESSED VALUATION OF CLASSES OF PROPERTY IN THE DISTRICT	26
SELECTED DEBT RATIOS OF THE DISTRICT	27



Board of Directors Spring Mesa Metropolitan District Jefferson County, Colorado

Independent Auditor's Report

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Spring Mesa Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Spring Mesa Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information and Continued Disclosure Annual Financial Information

The other information and continued disclosure annual financial information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and continued disclosure annual financial information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and continued disclosure annual financial information and the basic financial statements, or if the other information and continued disclosure annual financial information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information and continued disclosure annual financial information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Wipfli LLP

Lakewood, Colorado

Wipfli LLP

July 18, 2022



SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 101,805
Cash and Investments - Restricted	181,797
Receivable from County Treasurer	3,274
Prepaid Expense	6,376
Accounts Receivable	955
Property Taxes Receivable	714,825
Bond Insurance, Net of Amortization	24,678
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	22,599
Total Assets	1,056,309
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Cost of Refunding, Net of Amortization	124,663_
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	124,663
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	22,309
Prepaid Assessments	160
Accrued Interest Payable	21,413
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within one Year	193,460
Due in More Than One Year	6,519,652
Total Liabilities	6,756,994
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	714,825
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	714,825
NET POSITION	
Investment in Capital Assets	22,599
Restricted for:	,
Emergency Reserves	9,700
Debt Service	92,667
Unrestricted	(6,415,813)
Total Net Position	\$ (6,290,847)

SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Not Revenues

			Program Revenues	;	(Expenses) and Change in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities:						
General Government Interest and Related Costs on	\$ 254,540	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (254,540)	
Long-Term Debt	257,316				(257,316)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 511,856	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	(511,856)	
	GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income Other Revenue Total General Revenues					
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			228,015	
	Net Position - Begi	nning of Year			(6,518,862)	
	NET POSITION - E	ND OF YEAR			\$ (6,290,847)	

SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

		General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Investments	ď	101 005	¢		¢		\$	101 005
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$	101,805 9,700	\$	112 220	\$	59,859	Ф	101,805
Receivable from County Treasurer		1,432		112,238 1,842		59,659		181,797 3,274
Prepaid Expense		6,376		1,042		-		6,376
Accounts Receivable		955		_		-		955
Property Taxes Receivable		326,681		388,144		-		714,825
Property Taxes Necelvable		320,001		300,144	-			7 14,023
Total Assets	\$	446,949	\$	502,224	\$	59,859	\$	1,009,032
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	22,309	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,309
Prepaid Assessments		160						160
Total Liabilities		22,469		-		-		22,469
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property Tax Revenue		326,681		388,144		<u>-</u>		714,825
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		326,681		388,144		-		714,825
FUND DALANOFO.								
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable:								
•		6,376						6,376
Prepaid Expense Restricted:		0,370		-		-		0,370
Emergency Reserves (TABOR)		9,700						9,700
The state of the s		9,700		444.000		-		,
Debt Service		-		114,080		-		114,080
Assigned:		6 500						6 500
General Fund Reserve		6,500		-		-		6,500
Capital Projects		45.000		-		59,859		59,859
Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures		15,396		-		-		15,396
Unassigned:		E0 007						E0 007
General Government		59,827 97,799		114,080		59,859		59,827 271,738
Total Fund Balances		91,199		114,000		59,659		211,130
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,								
and Fund Balances	\$	446,949	\$	502,224	\$	59,859		
ana i ana balances				002(22:		00,000		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:								
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial								
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.								
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation								22,599
Other assets and deferred outflows of resources are not								,000
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.								
Cost of Refunding, Net of Amortization								124,663
Bond Insurance, Net of Amortization								24,678
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.								
								(6.460.000)
Bonds Payable								(6,460,000)
Original Issue Premium								(253,112)
Accrued Interest Payable - Bonds							-	(21,413)
Net Position of Governmental Activities							\$	(6,290,847)

SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	(General	9	Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total /ernmental Funds
REVENUES		Soriorai		5011100		Tojooto	-	Turido
Interest Income	\$	281	\$	471	\$	19	\$	771
Other Revenues	•	181	•	-	*	-	•	181
Property Taxes		300,296		386,106		_		686,402
Specific Ownership Taxes		22,976		29,541		_		52,517
Total Revenues		323,734		416,118		19		739,871
EXPENDITURES								
General, Administrative and Operating:								
Accounting		17,000		_		_		17,000
Administration (Billing Services)		1,879		_		_		1,879
Audit		3,800		-		-		3,800
				- - 700		-		
County Treasurer's Fee		4,509		5,792		-		10,301
Dues		544		-		-		544
District Management		25,163		-		-		25,163
Insurance		6,157		-		_		6,157
Irrigation Repair		1,327		-		-		1,327
Landscape Maintenance		46,637		-		-		46,637
Landscape Projects		37,715		-		-		37,715
Legal		9,836		-		-		9,836
Miscellaneous		1,559		-		-		1,559
Open Space Maintenance		41,949		_		_		41,949
Pond Maintenance		4,251		_		_		4,251
Snow Removal		9,840		_		_		9,840
Underdrain Maintenance		2,000		_		_		2,000
Utilities		33,258						33,258
Debt Service:		33,230		-		-		33,230
				000.050				000.050
Bond Interest		-		262,050		-		262,050
Bond Principal		-		170,000		-		170,000
Paying Agent Fees		<u> </u>		3,500				3,500
Total Expenditures		247,424		441,342		-		688,766
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		76,310		(25,224)		19		51,105
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers to (from) Other Funds		(25,000)		_		25,000		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(25,000)		_		25,000		_
- , , ,								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		51,310		(25,224)		25,019		51,105
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		46,489		139,304		34,840		220,633
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	97,799	\$	114,080	\$	59,859	\$	271,738

SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 51,105
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report, as depreciation expense, the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Depreciation	(1,324)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt is as follows:	
Current Year Bond Principal Payment	170,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued Interest Payable - Bonds - Change in Liability	425
Amortization: Bond Premium	18,827
Bond Insurance	(1,791)
Cost of Refunding	 (9,227)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 228,015

SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	•	000	•	004	•	0.4	
Interest Income	\$	200	\$	281	\$	81	
Other Revenues		-		181		181	
Property Taxes		300,295		300,296		1	
Specific Ownership Taxes		21,021		22,976		1,955	
Total Revenues		321,516		323,734		2,218	
EXPENDITURES							
Accounting		17,000		17,000		_	
Administration (Billing Services)		-		1,879		(1,879)	
Audit		3,800		3,800		_	
Contingency/Emergency Reserve		3,946		-		3,946	
County Treasurer's Fee		4,504		4,509		(5)	
Dues		550		544		6	
District Management		20,000		25,163		(5,163)	
Insurance		6,900		6,157		743	
Irrigation Repair		20,000		1,327		18,673	
Landscape Maintenance		55,000		46,637		8,363	
Landscape Projects		40,000		37,715		2,285	
Legal		8,000		9,836		(1,836)	
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,559		(559)	
Open Space Maintenance		49,500		41,949		7,551	
Pond Maintenance		8,800		4,251		4,549	
Snow Removal		15,000		9,840		5,160	
Underdrain Maintenance		5,000		2,000		3,000	
Utilities		25,000		33,258		(8,258)	
Total Expenditures		284,000		247,424		36,576	
Total Exportantico	-	204,000		277,727	-	00,010	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)		07.540		70.040		00 704	
EXPENDITURES		37,516		76,310		38,794	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers (to) from Other Funds		(25,000)		(25,000)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(25,000)		(25,000)		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		12,516		51,310		38,794	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		34,249		46,489		12,240	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	46,765	\$	97,799	\$	51,034	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Spring Mesa Metropolitan District (the District) was originally formed as the Eldorado Hills Metropolitan District on April 16, 1991, as a quasi-municipal organization established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District legally changed its name to Spring Mesa Metropolitan District in September 2003. The District was established to finance and construct certain public infrastructure improvements that benefit the citizens of the District. The District's primary revenues are property taxes and assessments. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors. The District's service area is located in the City of Arvada, in Jefferson County, Colorado.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets conveyed to other governmental entities are removed from the financial records, are not depreciated, and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets component of the District's net position.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable, using the straight-line method.

Prior to the year ended December 31, 2010, the District conveyed all of the capital assets constructed and acquired using bond proceeds to the City of Arvada.

Original Issue Discount/Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *cost of refunding*, is deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period that the amount is incurred.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position.	Statement	of Net	Position:
----------------------------	-----------	--------	-----------

Cash and Investments	\$ 101,805
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 181,797
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 283,602

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 127,435
Investments	 156,167
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 283,602

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2021, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and a carrying balance of \$127,435.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average	_
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	\$ 156,167

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST – (Continued)

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2021 follows:

Governmental Activities:		alance - ember 31, 2020	A	dditions		ers and ements		alance - ember 31, 2021
Capital Assets, Being								
Depreciated: Toe and Interceptor Drains	\$	14,100	\$		\$		\$	14,100
Sidewalk and Gutters	Ф	12,371	Ф	-	Φ	-	Ф	12,371
Total Capital Assets, Being		12,011						12,011
Depreciated		26,471		-		-		26,471
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Toe and Interceptor Drains		(2,239)		(705)		-		(2,944)
Sidewalk and Gutters		(309)		(619)		-		(928)
Total Accumulated								
Depreciation		(2,548)		(1,324)				(3,872)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	23,923	\$	(1,324)	\$		\$	22,599

At December 31, 2021, depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:
General Government

\$ 1,324

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2021:

		Balance -						Balance -		
	De	ecember 31,					De	ecember 31,	D	ue Within
		2020	Add	ditions	Re	etirements		2021	C	ne Year
General Obligation										
Refunding Bonds										
Series 2015	\$	6,630,000	\$	-	\$	170,000	\$	6,460,000	\$	175,000
General Obligation										
Refunding Bonds										
Series 2015 - Premium		271,939		-		18,827		253,112		18,460
Total	\$	6,901,939	\$	-	\$	188,827	\$	6,713,112	\$	193,460

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015

On December 11, 2015, the District issued \$7,420,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 (Series 2015 Bonds) for the purpose of refunding all of the District's outstanding Convertible Capital Appreciation Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006, and the Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010 (Refunded Bonds), and paying the cost of issuing the Series 2015 Bonds. The Series 2015 Bonds bear interest between the rates of 2.00% - 4.25%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2016. The Series 2015 Bonds are due December 1, 2044.

The Series 2015 Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2026 are subject to an early redemption at the option of the District, in whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities on December 1, 2025, and on any date thereafter, at the redemption price equal to the principal amount to be redeemed plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption. The Series 2015 Bonds are payable from property taxes imposed upon all taxable property within the District.

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

	 General Obli			
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	cipal Inter		 Total
2022	\$ 175,000	\$	256,950	\$ 431,950
2023	185,000		251,700	436,700
2024	190,000		244,300	434,300
2025	200,000		236,700	436,700
2026	205,000		228,700	433,700
2027-2031	1,155,000		1,013,700	2,168,700
2032-2036	1,420,000		752,986	2,172,986
2037-2041	1,725,000		442,501	2,167,501
2042-2044	 1,205,000		95,563	 1,300,563
Total	\$ 6,460,000	\$	3,523,100	\$ 9,983,100

The District has not budgeted to issue any additional debt in 2022. Per the District's Service Plan, the District cannot issue debt in excess of \$10,500,000 for capital costs.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings, if applicable, that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2021, the District had investment in capital assets (i.e., no applicable debt) in the amount of \$22,599.

The restricted component of net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of December 31, 2021, the District had restricted net position of \$9,700 for emergency reserves and \$92,667 for debt service.

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position. The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2021. This deficit amount is the result of the District being responsible for the payment of debt issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 4, 2003, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Original and Final		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
		Budget		Amounts		egative)
REVENUES		<u> </u>			,	<u> </u>
Property Taxes	\$	386,105	\$	386,106	\$	1
Specific Ownership Taxes		27,027		29,541		2,514
Interest Income		602		471		(131)
Total Revenues		413,734	'	416,118		2,384
EXPENDITURES						
Bond Interest		262,050		262,050		-
Bond Principal		170,000		170,000		-
Paying Agent Fees		3,500		3,500		-
County Treasurer's Fees		5,792		5,792		
Total Expenditures		441,342		441,342		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(27,608)		(25,224)		2,384
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		134,446		139,304		4,858
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	_\$	106,838	\$	114,080	\$	7,242

SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Interest Income	\$ 18	\$ 19	\$ 1
Total Revenues	18	19	1
EXPENDITURES			
Pond Projects	56,607	-	56,607
Underdrain Projects	5,000	-	5,000
Total Expenditures	61,607	-	61,607
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(61,589)	19	61,608
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfer from (to) Other Funds	25,000	25,000	<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	25,000	25,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(36,589)	25,019	61,608
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	36,589	34,840	(1,749)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 59,859	\$ 59,859

OTHER INFORMATION

SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Prior ear Assessed aluation for	Mills Le	evied	Total Prop	erty ⁻	Гахеѕ	Percent
Year Ended	C	urrent Year		Debt			_	Collected
December 31,	Pro	perty Tax Levy	General	Service	 Levied		Collected	to Levied
2017	\$	14,408,303	0.000	29.000	\$ 417,841	\$	417,841	100.00 %
2018		13,834,265	0.000	29.000	401,194		401,197	100.00
2019		13,839,524	0.000	29.000	401,346		401,346	100.00
2020		15,742,785	0.000	24.500	385,698		385,698	100.00
2021		15,759,403	19.055	24.500	686,400		686,402	100.00
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,								
2022	\$	16,412,004	19.905	23.650	\$ 714,825			

NOTE: Property taxes shown as collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes or abatements of property taxes assessed in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.

SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2021

\$7,420,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 Dated December 11, 2015

Interest Rate Between 2.00% and 4.25% Interest Payable June 1 and December 1

	Principal Due December 1						
Year Ending December 31,	Principal Interest			Total			
2022	\$	175,000	\$	256,950	\$	431,950	
2023		185,000		251,700		436,700	
2024		190,000		244,300		434,300	
2025		200,000		236,700		436,700	
2026		205,000		228,700		433,700	
2027		215,000		220,500		435,500	
2028		220,000		211,900		431,900	
2029		230,000		203,100		433,100	
2030		240,000		193,900		433,900	
2031		250,000		184,300		434,300	
2032		260,000		173,675		433,675	
2033		270,000		162,624		432,624	
2034		285,000		151,149		436,149	
2035		295,000		139,038		434,038	
2036		310,000		126,500		436,500	
2037		320,000		114,400		434,400	
2038		330,000		101,925		431,925	
2039		345,000		89,050		434,050	
2040		360,000		75,588		435,588	
2041		370,000		61,538		431,538	
2042		385,000		47,088		432,088	
2043		400,000		32,050		432,050	
2044		420,000		16,425		436,425	
Total	\$	6,460,000	\$	3,523,100	\$	9,983,100	

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION – UNAUDITED

(24)

SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TEN LARGEST OWNERS OF TAXABLE PROPERTY WITHIN THE DISTRICT DECEMBER 31, 2021 UNAUDITED

Taxpayer Name	202 \	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	
Public Service Co. of Colorado (Xcel Energy)	\$	243,223	1.49 %
Private Homeowner # 1		75,289	0.46
Private Homeowner # 2		72,979	0.44
Private Homeowner # 3		71,776	0.44
Private Homeowner # 4		71,088	0.43
Private Homeowner # 5		70,562	0.43
Private Homeowner # 6		70,509	0.43
Private Homeowner # 7		69,888	0.43
Private Homeowner # 8		69,503	0.42
Private Homeowner # 9		69,410	0.42
Total	\$	884,227	5.39 %

NOTE: Percentages are based on a 2021 certified assessed valuation of \$16,412,004.

SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT ASSESSED VALUATION OF CLASSES OF PROPERTY IN THE DISTRICT DECEMBER 31, 2021 UNAUDITED

Taxpayer Name	2021 Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Assessed Valuation
Residential	\$ 16,168,685	98.52 %
State Assessed	1,247	0.01
Personal Property	241,976	1.47
Natural Resources	96	0.00
Total	\$ 16,412,004	100.00 %

SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SELECTED DEBT RATIOS OF THE DISTRICT DECEMBER 31, 2021 UNAUDITED

	Amount
Direct Debt (Consisting of the Bonds)	\$ 6,460,000
2021 Assessed Valuation Direct Debt to 2021 Assessed Valuation	\$ 16,412,004 39.36 %
2021 Total Actual Value of all Taxable Property (Actual Value) Direct Debt to 2021 Actual Value	\$ 226,139,873 2.86 %