### SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Jefferson County, Colorado

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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Board of Directors Spring Mesa Metropolitan District Jefferson County, Colorado

#### Independent Auditor's Report

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Spring Mesa Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Spring Mesa Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matters

#### **Required Supplemental Information**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### <u>Supplementary Information</u>

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information and Continuing Disclosure Annual Financial Information

The other information and continuing disclosure annual financial information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and continuing disclosure annual financial information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and continuing disclosure annual financial information and the basic financial statements, or the other information and continuing disclosure annual financial information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information and continuing disclosure annual financial information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Wipfli LLP

Denver, Colorado

Wippei LLP

July 20, 2024



#### SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 262,689
Cash and Investments - Restricted	237,543
Receivable from County Treasurer	3,194
Prepaid Expense	7,480
Property Taxes Receivable	851,479
Bond Insurance, Net of Amortization	21,202
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	34,901
Total Assets	1,418,488
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Cost of Refunding, Net of Amortization	106,752_
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	106,752
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	35,062
Accrued Interest Payable	20,358
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	207,551
Due in More Than One Year	6,109,018
Total Liabilities	6,371,989
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	851,479
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	851,479
NET POSITION	
Investment in Capital Assets	34,901
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	11,000
Debt Service	59,071
Unrestricted	(5,803,200)
Total Net Position	\$ (5,698,228)

#### SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Program Revel	nues	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contribution	Grants and	Governmental Activities	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 212,979	\$ -	\$	- \$ -	\$ (212,979)	
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	247,083		<u>.                                    </u>	<u>-</u>	(247,083)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 460,062	\$ -	<u> </u>	- \$ -	(460,062)	
GENERAL REVENUES  Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income Other Revenue						
		eral Revenues			805,871	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION						
	Net Position - Beginning of Year					
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ (5,698,228)	

## SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

		General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable from County Treasurer Prepaid Expense Property Taxes Receivable	\$	262,689 18,400 1,460 7,480 459,473	\$ 77,695 1,734 - 392,006	\$ - 141,448 - - -	\$	262,689 237,543 3,194 7,480 851,479
Total Assets	\$	749,502	\$ 471,435	\$ 141,448	\$	1,362,385
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	35,062	\$ -	\$ -	\$	35,062
Total Liabilities		35,062	-	-		35,062
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property Tax Revenue		459,473	 392,006	 		851,479
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		459,473	392,006	-		851,479
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Expense		7,480	-	-		7,480
Restricted: Emergency Reserves (TABOR) Debt Service		11,000	- 79,429	-		11,000 79,429
Assigned:			70,420			70,420
General Fund Reserve		7,400	-	-		7,400
Capital Projects		-	-	141,448		141,448
Unassigned:						
General Government Total Fund Balances		229,087	 70.400	 141,448		229,087
Total Fund Balances		254,967	79,429	141,448		475,844
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	_\$	749,502	\$ 471,435	\$ 141,448		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation						34,901
Other assets and deferred outflows of resources are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Cost of Refunding, Net of Amortization  Bond Insurance, Net of Amortization						106,752 21,202
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Bonds Payable Original Issue Premium						(6,100,000) (216,569)
Accrued Interest Payable - Bonds						(20,358)
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	(5,698,228)

## SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	(	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total rernmental Funds
REVENUES					
Interest Income	\$	15,149	\$ 13,524	\$ 5,622	\$ 34,295
Property Taxes		329,062	390,985	-	720,047
Specific Ownership Taxes		23,549	 27,980	 	 51,529
Total Revenues		367,760	432,489	5,622	805,871
EXPENDITURES					
General, Administrative and Operating:					
Accounting		20,600	_	_	20,600
Audit		4,700	_	_	4,700
County Treasurer's Fee		4,939	5,867	_	10,806
Dues		557	-	_	557
District Management		36,247	_	_	36,247
Election		1,723	_	_	1,723
Insurance		6,588	_	_	6,588
Irrigation Repair		18,942	_	_	18,942
Landscape Maintenance		33,484			33,484
Landscape Projects		20,841	_	_	20,841
Legal		14,580	_	_	14,580
Miscellaneous		424	_	_	424
Open Space Maintenance		150	-	-	150
Pond Maintenance		4,888	-	-	
			-	-	4,888
Snow Removal		41	-	-	41
Underdrain Maintenance		1,200	-	-	1,200
Utilities		35,717	-	-	35,717
Capital Expenditures:					
Toe and Interceptor Drains		-	-	15,117	15,117
Debt Service:					
Bond Interest		-	251,700	-	251,700
Bond Principal		-	185,000	-	185,000
Paying Agent Fees			 3,500	 	 3,500
Total Expenditures		205,621	 446,067	 15,117	 666,805
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		162,139	(13,578)	(9,495)	139,066
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers to (from) Other Funds		(50,000)		E0 000	
, ,		(50,000)	 	 50,000	 
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(50,000)	 <u> </u>	 50,000	 
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		112,139	(13,578)	40,505	139,066
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		142,828	93,007	100,943	 336,778
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	254,967	\$ 79,429	\$ 141,448	\$ 475,844

## SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 139,066
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the Statement of Activities will report, as depreciation expense, the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset.	
Capital Outlay Depreciation	15,117 (1,491)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt is as follows:	405.000
Current Year Bond Principal Payment	185,000
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued Interest Payable - Bonds - Change in Liability Amortization:	617
Bond Premium	18,083
Bond Insurance Cost of Refunding	(1,720) (8,863)

345,809

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

# SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	a	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Interest Income	\$	2,900	\$ 15,149	\$	12,249	
Property Taxes		329,061	329,062		1	
Specific Ownership Taxes		23,034	 23,549		515	
Total Revenues		354,995	367,760		12,765	
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		20,600	20,600		-	
Audit		4,700	4,700		-	
Contingency/Emergency Reserve		5,745	-		5,745	
County Treasurer's Fee		4,936	4,939		(3)	
Dues		700	557		143	
District Management		35,500	36,247		(747)	
Election		5,000	1,723		3,277	
Insurance		6,719	6,588		131	
Irrigation Repair		20,000	18,942		1,058	
Landscape Maintenance		67,600	33,484		34,116	
Landscape Projects		40,000	20,841		19,159	
Legal		9,700	14,580		(4,880)	
Miscellaneous		500	424		76	
Open Space Maintenance		49,500	150		49,350	
Pond Maintenance		8,800	4,888		3,912	
Snow Removal		15,000	41		14,959	
Underdrain Maintenance		5,000	1,200		3,800	
Utilities		40,000	35,717		4,283	
Total Expenditures		340,000	205,621		134,379	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		14,995	162,139		147,144	
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers to Other Funds		(50,000)	(50,000)		-	
Total Other Financing Uses		(50,000)	(50,000)		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(35,005)	112,139		147,144	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		93,524	 142,828		49,304	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	58,519	\$ 254,967	\$	196,448	

#### NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Spring Mesa Metropolitan District (the District) was originally formed as the Eldorado Hills Metropolitan District on April 16, 1991, as a quasi-municipal organization established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District legally changed its name to Spring Mesa Metropolitan District in September 2003. The District was established to finance and construct certain public infrastructure improvements that benefit the citizens of the District. The District's primary revenues are property taxes. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors. The District's service area is located in the City of Arvada, in Jefferson County, Colorado.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Capital Assets (Continued)**

Capital assets conveyed to other governmental entities are removed from the financial records, are not depreciated, and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets component of the District's net position.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable, using the straight-line method.

Prior to the year ended December 31, 2010, the District conveyed all of the capital assets constructed and acquired using bond proceeds to the City of Arvada.

#### Original Issue Discount/Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

#### **Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *cost of refunding*, is deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period that the amount is incurred.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Equity**

#### **Net Position**

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement	of	Net	Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 262,689
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 237,543
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 500,232

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 4,799
Investments	495,433
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 500,232

#### **Deposits with Financial Institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2023, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and a carrying balance of \$4,799.

#### **Investments**

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (\*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments (Continued)**

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- \* Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average	_
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	\$ 495,433

#### COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **COLOTRUST – (Continued)**

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

#### NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2023 follows:

Governmental Activities:	alance - ember 31, 2022	A	dditions	Transfe Retire		Dec	alance - ember 31, 2023
Capital Assets, Being							
Depreciated:							
Toe and Interceptor Drains	\$ 14,100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,100
Sidewalk and Gutters	12,371		-		-		12,371
Pond Pump	 		15,117				15,117
Total Capital Assets,							
Being Depreciated	26,471		15,117		-		41,588
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Toe and Interceptor Drains	(3,649)		(704)		_		(4,353)
Sidewalk and Gutters	(1,547)		(619)		_		(2,166)
Pond Pump			(168)				(168)
Total Accumulated							
Depreciation	(5,196)		(1,491)				(6,687)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 21,275	\$	13,626	\$		\$	34,901

At December 31, 2023, depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government \$ 1,491

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance -						Balance -		
De	ecember 31,					De	ecember 31,	D	ue Within
	2022	Add	ditions	Re	etirements		2023	C	ne Year
\$	6,285,000	\$	-	\$	185,000	\$	6,100,000	\$	190,000
	234,652		-		18,083		216,569		17,551
\$	6,519,652	\$		\$	203,083	\$	6,316,569	\$	207,551
	De	\$ 6,285,000 234,652	December 31, 2022 Add \$ 6,285,000 \$	December 31, 2022 Additions  \$ 6,285,000 \$ -  234,652 -	December 31, 2022 Additions Res  \$ 6,285,000 \$ - \$  234,652 -	December 31, 2022         Additions         Retirements           \$ 6,285,000         \$ -         \$ 185,000           234,652         -         18,083	December 31, 2022         Additions         Retirements         December 31, Retirements           \$ 6,285,000         \$ -         \$ 185,000         \$           234,652         -         18,083	December 31, 2022         Additions         Retirements         December 31, 2023           \$ 6,285,000         \$ -         \$ 185,000         \$ 6,100,000           234,652         -         18,083         216,569	December 31, 2022         Additions         Retirements         December 31, 2023         Documber 31, 2023           \$ 6,285,000         \$ -         \$ 185,000         \$ 6,100,000         \$           234,652         -         18,083         216,569

#### General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015

On December 11, 2015, the District issued \$7,420,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 (Series 2015 Bonds) for the purpose of refunding all of the District's outstanding Convertible Capital Appreciation Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006, and the Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2010 (Refunded Bonds), and paying the cost of issuing the Series 2015 Bonds. The Series 2015 Bonds bear interest between the rates of 2.00% - 4.25%, payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2016. The Series 2015 Bonds are due December 1, 2044.

The Series 2015 Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2026 are subject to an early redemption at the option of the District, in whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities on December 1, 2026, and on any date thereafter, at the redemption price equal to the principal amount to be redeemed plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption. The Series 2015 Bonds are payable from property taxes imposed upon all taxable property within the District.

#### Unused lines of credit

The Series 2015 Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit.

#### Collateral

No assets have been pledged as collateral on the Series 2015 Bonds.

#### **Events of default**

Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Indenture, and do not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Indentures.

#### **Termination Events**

The Series 2015 Bonds do not have a termination provision.

#### NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### Acceleration

The Series 2015 Revenue Refunding Bonds are not subject to acceleration.

The Series 2015 Bonds will mature as follows:

	 General Obl				
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	incipal Interest		Total	
2024	\$ 190,000	\$	244,300	\$	434,300
2025	200,000		236,700		436,700
2026	205,000		228,700		433,700
2027	215,000		220,500		435,500
2028	220,000		211,900		431,900
2029-2033	1,250,000		917,599		2,167,599
2034-2038	1,540,000		633,012		2,173,012
2039-2043	1,860,000		305,314		2,165,314
2044	 420,000		16,425		436,425
Total	\$ 6,100,000	\$	3,014,450	\$	9,114,450

The District has not budgeted to issue any additional debt in 2023. Per the District's Service Plan, the District cannot issue debt in excess of \$10,500,000 for capital costs.

#### NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings, if applicable, that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2023, the District had investment in capital assets (i.e., no applicable debt) in the amount of \$34,901.

The restricted component of net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of December 31, 2023, the District had restricted net position of \$11,000 for emergency reserves and \$59,071 for debt service.

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position. The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2023. This deficit amount is the result of the District being responsible for the payment of debt issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

#### NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 4, 2003, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

				ance with	
	Original			al Budget	
	ind Final	Actual			
	Budget	 Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 390,984	\$ 390,985	\$	1	
Specific Ownership Taxes	27,368	27,980		612	
Interest Income	 3,100	13,524		10,424	
Total Revenues	421,452	432,489		11,037	
EXPENDITURES					
Bond Interest	251,700	251,700		-	
Bond Principal	185,000	185,000		-	
Paying Agent Fees	3,500	3,500		-	
Contingency	435	-		435	
County Treasurer's Fees	5,865	5,867		(2)	
Total Expenditures	446,500	446,067		433	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(25,048)	(13,578)		11,470	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	92,901	93,007		106	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 67,853	\$ 79,429	\$	11,576	

# SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Original and Final Budget			Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES	-	Budget		anounto		ogalivo)
Interest Income	\$	3,900	\$	5,622	\$	1,722
Total Revenues		3,900		5,622		1,722
EXPENDITURES						
Pond Projects		56,607		15,117		41,490
Total Expenditures		56,607		15,117		41,490
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(52,707)		(9,495)		43,212
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES  Transfer from Other Funds  Total Other Financing Sources		50,000 50,000		50,000 50,000		<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(2,707)		40,505		43,212
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		100,859		100,943		84
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	98,152	\$	141,448	\$	43,296

**OTHER INFORMATION** 

### SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	٧.	Prior						
		ar Assessed aluation for	Mills Le	evied	Total Prop	erty	Taxes	Percent
Year Ended	С	urrent Year		Debt				Collected
December 31,	Prop	erty Tax Levy	General	Service	 Levied		Collected	to Levied
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	\$	13,839,524 15,742,785 15,759,403 16,412,004 16,079,975	0.000 0.000 19.055 19.905 20.464	29.000 24.500 24.500 23.650 24.315	\$ 401,346 385,698 686,400 714,825 720,045	\$	401,346 385,698 686,402 714,515 720,047	100.00 % 100.00 100.00 99.96 100.00
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31, 2024	\$	20,631,909	22.270	19.000	\$ 851,479			

NOTE: Property taxes shown as collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes or abatements of property taxes assessed in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.

#### SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2023

\$7,420,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 Dated December 11, 2015 Interest Rate Between 2.00% and 4.25%

Interest Payable June 1 and December 1
Principal Due December 1

	Principal Due December 1							
Year Ending December 31,	F	Principal		Interest		Interest		Total
2024	\$	190,000	\$	244,300	\$	434,300		
2025		200,000		236,700		436,700		
2026		205,000		228,700		433,700		
2027		215,000		220,500		435,500		
2028		220,000		211,900		431,900		
2029		230,000		203,100		433,100		
2030		240,000		193,900		433,900		
2031		250,000		184,300		434,300		
2032		260,000		173,675		433,675		
2033		270,000		162,624		432,624		
2034		285,000		151,149		436,149		
2035		295,000		139,038		434,038		
2036		310,000		126,500		436,500		
2037		320,000		114,400		434,400		
2038		330,000		101,925		431,925		
2039		345,000		89,050		434,050		
2040		360,000		75,588		435,588		
2041		370,000		61,538		431,538		
2042		385,000		47,088		432,088		
2043		400,000		32,050		432,050		
2044		420,000		16,425		436,425		
Total	\$	6,100,000	\$	3,014,450	\$	9,114,450		

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION – UNAUDITED

(24)

## SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TEN LARGEST OWNERS OF TAXABLE PROPERTY WITHIN THE DISTRICT DECEMBER 31, 2023 UNAUDITED

Taxpayer Name	2023 Assessed Valuation		Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Public Service Co. of Colorado (Xcel Energy)	\$	377,359	1.84 %
Private Homeowner # 1		103,531	0.50
Private Homeowner # 2		100,229	0.49
Private Homeowner # 3		95,221	0.46
Private Homeowner # 4		94,068	0.46
Private Homeowner # 5		93,926	0.46
Private Homeowner # 6		92,600	0.45
Private Homeowner # 7		92,304	0.45
Private Homeowner # 8		91,625	0.44
Private Homeowner # 9		90,992	0.44
Total	\$	1,231,855	5.97 %

NOTE: Percentages are based on a 2023 certified assessed valuation of \$20,631,909.

## SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT ASSESSED VALUATION OF CLASSES OF PROPERTY IN THE DISTRICT DECEMBER 31, 2023 UNAUDITED

Taxpayer Name	2023 Valuation	Percentage of Assessed Valuation
Residential	\$ 20,254,373	98.17 %
State Assessed	3,747	0.02
Personal Property	373,697	1.81
Natural Resources	92	0.00
Total	\$ 20,631,909	100.00 %

#### SPRING MESA METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SELECTED DEBT RATIOS OF THE DISTRICT DECEMBER 31, 2023 UNAUDITED

	Amount			
Direct Debt (Consisting of the Bonds)	\$	6,100,000		
2023 Assessed Valuation Direct Debt to 2022 Assessed Valuation	\$	20,631,909 29.57 %		
2023 Total Actual Value of all Taxable Property (Actual Value) Direct Debt to 2023 Actual Value	\$	302,317,791 2.02 %		